

TO SUE FOR MILLIONS IN CLOAK STRIKE PAY

Workers Plan to Follow Injunction by an Action for Wages Lost.

SAY IT'S LIKE DANBURY

Manufacturers, It Is Contended, Violated Contract With Employees.

GOMPERS FAVORS STAND

Union Has 55,000 Members, Who Received Total of \$3,000,000 Weekly.

A suit that may be the reverse of the famous "Danbury Hatters'" case and cost the members of the Cloak Suit and Skirt Manufacturers' Protective Association more than \$9,000,000 in damages is threatened by the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union. Benjamin Schlesinger, president of the union, announced last night that by advice of Samuel Untermyer the union would follow up its injunction action against the protective association by a suit to recover individual wages lost by every person who was in the employ of members of the association.

The union has about 55,000 members in this city, and their weekly wages before the strike totalled about \$3,000,000, according to a statement made by the manufacturers' association at the time they went out. The strike began November 14, so that about \$9,000,000 has been lost so far by the union members. Besides 5,000 workers not members of the union were thrown out of work by the strike, and their wages and those of designers and higher paid employees would run weekly from \$750,000 to \$1,000,000, it is said. Presumably, however, these would not be included in the union's suit.

"We are simply going to see if the Danbury hatters' case works both ways," said Mr. Schlesinger. "In that case the manufacturers sued the United Hatters of North America and recovered. In this case the union will sue the manufacturers."

Would Include All in Suit. Mr. Schlesinger made public also a letter that Mr. Untermyer wrote to Morris Hillquit, counsel for the union, advising that the summons and complaint in the injunction action should be amended to include all members of the protective association.

"My reason for this," wrote Mr. Untermyer, "is that as a result of further study of the subject I am satisfied that the suit may be made vastly more comprehensive and far reaching, so as to afford relief that has not heretofore been considered as likely to be within the scope of an action of this character. It is my opinion that if our clients can establish, as I have no doubt they can, that the contract was violated by the manufacturers, the complainants in this action may secure an interlocutory judgment in a form that will enable every employee of the association members to secure a judgment against his employer for his loss of wages until the date of the expiration of the contract. The total damage will, of course, depend upon the duration of the strike, but will in any event amount to several million dollars."

The agreement in question is distinctly alleged to have been made and can doubtless be proved to have been made by the association on behalf of each and every member and by the union on behalf of each and every worker. Its benefits inure to each member and its obligations are imposed upon each member. It is as though each worker had a separate agreement with

Bee Has Right to Roam at Will, Court Rules

KANSAS CITY, Dec. 2.—A bee has a right to roam at will, Judge Nelson E. Johnson ruled today in the Circuit Court here. Judge Johnson was hearing an appeal in the case of Lee Cooley, fined \$50 in police court some time ago on the ground that he "harbored vicious bees."

The complaining witness at that time asserted that one of Cooley's bees had stung a child five times. Judge Johnson, after listening to the testimony of bee experts, announced he was convinced that a bee could sting but once. He held a city ordinance restricting the wandering of bees was unconstitutional and ordered that Cooley's fine be remitted.

his employer, but in view of the fact that thousands of suits would be involved against hundreds of employers, equity would take jurisdiction in a single action, both to avoid the multiplicity of suits and on the broader ground that it has become an incident to the main action to enforce further violations of the agreement.

To Open Door for Members. "If you agree with me, I would like this subject taken up by the union with a view to enlarging the scope of the complaint so as to permit every aggrieved union member to come in under the interlocutory judgment and prove his claim against his employer."

In taking such a course the union would after all be doing no more than to invoke the rule laid down by the courts in the Danbury hatters case, in which the boycotted employers were permitted to recover against all union members.

Mr. Hillquit replied to Mr. Untermyer and agreed with him in every particular. He said that as soon as Mr. Schlesinger's consent is obtained he would prepare the necessary papers and submit them to Mr. Untermyer for approval.

A letter also was made public last night from Samuel Untermyer in which he said that the American Federation of Labor approved the course pursued by the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union in its conduct of the strike.

WORRIED BY STRIKE, TRIES TO END LIFE

Skirt Manufacturer Is Sent to Bellevue.

Abraham Goldstein, 55, a manufacturer of skirts at 41 West Twenty-fourth street, said to be interested financially in several concerns making women's wear, was taken to Bellevue Hospital for observation yesterday after he had twice tried, according to the police, to choke himself with a rope and was apparently about to jump from a balcony on the nineteenth floor of a loft building at 305 Seventh avenue.

Goldstein went to the loft occupied by Riskin Bros., a concern in which he is interested, and was there served, it was said, with a subpoena or other legal paper. He became greatly excited, the police reported, and walked to one end of the loft, where a rope was hanging. Winding this about his neck he lifted his feet from the floor. An employee saw him and extricated him. After he tried to choke himself similarly with another rope Patrolman Flanagan of the Traffic Squad was called, arriving just in time to see him go through a window to a balcony. The patrolman held him until the arrival of Dr. Ogden from New York Hospital.

Goldstein is said to have been worried greatly by the garment strike.

MOTHER IS SECOND TO MOTHER-IN-LAW

Gustave Widmann Explains Why He Doesn't Support Her.

"I can't take care of my mother. I am supporting my mother-in-law and she certainly comes first, doesn't she?" asked Gustave Widmann, 46, of 251 Central avenue, Ridgewood, yesterday of a probation officer in Jamaica court, charged with failing to contribute in aid of his mother, Mrs. Fredericks Widmann, 81. His brother, John Widmann, 38, of 51 Powell avenue, Glendale, was in court on the same charge.

The brothers will be given a hearing on Wednesday.

KILLED BY LOCOMOTIVE.

Commuters at Arlington, N. J., yesterday saw James E. Harvey killed under the wheels of a locomotive when he attempted to cross in front of the train in order to get aboard from the off side. Harvey lived at Arlington, and was employed as a salesman by Maxwell Brothers, Inc., Manhattan.

WILSON FOUNDATION IS ORGANIZED HERE

Speeches Delivered Eulogistic of President and His Policies During War.

TO CARRY ON HIS IDEALS

Endowment Fund of \$1,000,000 to Be Raised and Prizes Awarded.

The first meeting of the national committee of the Woodrow Wilson Foundation was begun in the Hotel Astor yesterday, opening with a luncheon at which delegates from most of the States in the Union were present. Speeches eulogistic of Mr. Wilson and his policies during the war with Germany were made by Rabbi Stephen S. Wise, Homer S. Cummings, Mrs. Charles E. Simonson and Thomas L. Chadbourne. Cleveland H. Dodge presided as toastmaster. Among the guests were three men who had been Ambassadors during the Wilson Administration—James W. Gerard, Henry Morgenthau and William G. Sharp, war time Ambassadors to Germany, Turkey and France.

Later in the day the following telegram was sent to Mr. Wilson in Washington on behalf of the foundation by Mr. Dodge and Hamilton Holt:

"The national committee of the Woodrow Wilson Foundation assembled in New York to-day with representatives from every section of the country meeting to effect the permanent organization of the foundation which bears your name, send you their affectionate greetings and pledges themselves to carry on the ideals for which you have so steadfastly fought."

The luncheon was followed by a business session at which plans were formulated for the raising of a fund of more than \$1,000,000 to endow the foundation. The campaign will begin on January 15, 1922. Reports were heard from various committees and short speeches were made by Mr. Morgenthau and Mrs. Carrie Chapman Catt, president of the National American Woman Suffrage Association. The general committee appointed a committee, with Norman Davis as president, to draw up plans for the permanent organization, and a committee on plans of campaign was appointed with Mrs. J. Malcolm Forbes as chairman.

At the close of the afternoon session the committee on permanent organization reported its recommendations to the general committee, which adopted them. These recommendations provided for a board of trustees of fifteen members, with the following five as a nucleus: Franklin D. Roosevelt of New York, Cleveland H. Dodge of New York, E. A. Alderman of Virginia, William Allen White of Kansas and Mrs. Catt.

The jury of awards which will make the annual distribution of the foundation's prizes will consist of twenty-five members, ten to be named by the board of trustees and fifteen by national organizations.

BELIEVES CONTRACTORS SHOULD BE LICENSED

District Attorney Supports Proposed Law.

District Attorney Harry E. Lewis, referring to the recent collapse of the American Theatre on Bedford avenue, Brooklyn, with its toll of seven lives, stated yesterday that he was in favor of a law requiring general contractors who erect buildings to become licensed. "I believe that it is just as necessary to license a builder as it is to license a physician to practise," he said. "A physician can kill but one man at a time; a builder may kill a thousand."

District Attorney Lewis's investigators have not as yet completed their investigation of the disaster and ruins, but probably will be prepared Monday to report to him.

The police were asked to look for the body of Patsy de Boni in the ruins. A brother, Joseph, said Patsy had been working on the American Theatre job. He wasn't sure, however, that he had been working there the day of the collapse.

MISS BEATTIE'S LIBERATION.

As no notice of a habens corpus suit to liberate Miss Etta Beattie, aged 20, from the State Reformatory for Women in Bedford had been filed there yesterday it is improbable that she will not be freed until the managers of the institution parole her, which probably will be next Thursday.

DR. LORENZ TO REST OVER THE WEEK END

Famous Bloodless Surgeon Examines 30 and Passes on 85 Cases.

AN OPERATION TO-DAY

Clinic at Madison Avenue Hospital Will Be Resumed Monday Morning.

Dr. Adolph Lorenz continued his clinic yesterday at the Hospital for Joint Diseases, Madison avenue and 1234 street. In addition to the thirty examinations he was to make he passed upon eighty-five other cases which previously had been examined by other surgeons.

An operation for club foot will be performed by Dr. Lorenz at Kings County Hospital this afternoon, but he will spend the rest of the week end in seclusion at the Murray Hill Hotel. The clinic at the Hospital for Joint Diseases will be resumed Monday morning. Dr. Walter I. Galland, secretary to Dr. Lorenz, said that no callers would be received to-day or to-morrow.

Although Dr. Lorenz has continued to labor at what is regarded as a strenuous pace, he did not appear as tired last night as he did earlier in the week. He and his friends realize, however, that he cannot bear up if he examines all the cases which come before him. He still is troubled with nervous indigestion, due largely to the fact that the food here is richer than that to which he had been accustomed in Austria.

It was announced that \$1,412 has been raised from patients Dr. Lorenz has examined or treated. The sums range from ten cents to ten dollars. Dr. Lorenz probably will send the money to Vienna to assist the needy in that city, including medical students and members of the profession. He has spoken frequently of the plight in which all professional people in Vienna have found themselves since the war.

Dr. Lorenz issued a statement praising the institutions participating in the United Hospital Fund and urging that the fund be supported.

"I am deeply impressed," he said, "with the service these great institutions render to the unfortunate of every race, creed and color. When a cripple enters the clinic and asks for help no questions are raised about his religion or nationality. He is a sufferer and that is enough. He gets whatever help the hospital can give him, whether he can pay for it or not."

"Without these hospitals, each of them wonderful in its way, such work as I am doing would be impossible."

JOE HUNTER KILLS HIMSELF.

Charles Marting, 38, returned from a job hunting expedition yesterday to his home at 307 Forsyth street, where his wife, Mary, and four children live. He greeted his wife cheerfully, but told her he had had "no luck" and would try later in the day. Then he passed by her to his own room, and, taking a revolver from a drawer, shot himself in the head. He died almost instantly.

MANY IN PHILADELPHIA WAITING FOR LORENZ

Hospital Crowded With Applicants for Clinic.

Special Despatch to THE NEW YORK HERALD. PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 2.—One hundred and fifty applications have been received at the Samaritan Hospital for admission to the clinic which Dr. Adolph Lorenz will hold at this institution within the next few weeks.

The telephone is being used by many of the unfortunate cripples and their relatives, who eagerly await the coming of the "miracle" man of bloodless surgery fame. Others write pleading letters to be admitted for treatment.

The waiting room of the hospital has been crowded for the last two days with children brought by their parents to tell their stories for listing by Mrs. Laura Southwick, who has taken up the work of preparing a schedule of treatments to be given by Dr. Lorenz. Preliminary examinations are being made and charts prepared by physicians at the hospital in order to expedite the famous surgeon's treatments.

COUGH OR SNEEZE AT HOME.

Coughing or sneezing in churches or theatres is inexcusable, Dr. Royal S. Copeland, Health Commissioner, said yesterday. "Unless a person has a severe cold, throat or lung trouble," he added, "coughing is due to nervousness and can be suppressed by the exercise of will power. A person with a cold or throat or lung trouble should stay at home and not endanger the health of others."

During the influenza epidemic, Dr. Copeland said, notices prohibiting coughing or sneezing were posted in theatres and had surprising effect.



"The Greatest Treasure House of Linens in America"

THE Christmas Gift of Handkerchiefs is sure to please. At "The Linen Store" you will find a generous selection of Pure Linen Handkerchiefs at whatever price you wish to pay.

For Women, 25c, 35c, 50c and 65c each
For Men, 35c, 50c, 65c and 75c each

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Fifth Avenue, 34th and 33d Streets

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West 42nd Street West 43rd Street

Especial preparations have been made here to meet all requirements of the Christmas gift shopper in

Children's BOOKS

From such extensive assortments as we now have assembled, practically every fanciful whim of the juvenile may be gratified.

REALIZING that many of life's ambitions are founded upon the particular kind of literature with which one becomes associated, we present for your consideration a collection of Books destined to stimulate the interest of every child.

Selected at random from the vast array:

Toy Books Painting & Crayon Books
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CHILDREN'S BOOK DEP T.—MAIN FLOOR.

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West 42nd Street (Between 5th and 6th Avenues) West 43rd Street

At Greatly Reduced Prices:

100 Women's Winter Suits

DUVET de LAINES, TRICOTINES, TWEED MIXTURES,

\$32.50

Regularly up to \$68.00

Assembled for this Special Reduction Sale are several of this season's strictly tailored mode's to wear with separate furs.

The long-line Coats have notch or convertible collars, and all are silk lined and warmly interlined.

Sizes 34 to 44.—THIRD FLOOR.

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WEST 42d ST. (Between Fifth and Sixth Avenue) WEST 43d ST.

Men's

Overcoat Sale

Everything From Ulsters
To Chesterfields In These
Three Special Groups—

\$37.50

Regularly up to \$50

\$47.50

Regularly up to \$65

\$57.50

Regularly up to \$75

The Kirschbaum shops made them. That covers the subject of quality briefly, but none the less completely. The fabrics comprise the market's best wools. The models include everything correct and new, from Dress Coats to Raglans.

The most important overcoat event our Men's Section has held this season!

Fine Suits From The
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Very Special Values At

\$35 \$40 \$45

MEN'S SECTION — THIRD FLOOR

Stern Brothers

West 42nd Street (Between 5th and 6th Avenues) West 43rd Street

Extraordinary Value-giving in an Important Sale of

BOYS' Warm, Fine Quality

Winter-weight Overcoats

For College, Dress or General Wear.

All wool fabrics developed in decidedly smart plain or belted models and embodying tailoring and finish of the highest character throughout.

For Boys 11 to 18 years—Plaid back, double-faced, wool-lined Overcoats with inverted plait back and belt. Heather Mixtures and Plain Colors. \$27.50 (\$35.00 Values). Now

For Boys 5 to 10 years—All wool, double-faced fabrics, in inverted plait effects; convertible collars. Oxfords, Browns, Greens and Heathers. \$20.00 (\$30.00 Values). Now

For Little Boys of 3 to 10 years—Chinchillas and All-wool Fancy Mixture Overcoats; button-to-the-neck model. \$15.00 (\$22.50 Values). Now

